

SAFETY DATA SHEET

GHS

United States

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name VANLUBE® 871 In case of emergency

1-203-853-1400

Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300

Outside US: +1-703-527-3887

30 Winfield Street Norwalk, CT 06855

53239

Synonym 2,5-Dimercapto-1,3,4-thiadiazole, alkyl polycarboxylates

Vanderbilt Chemicals, LLC

Material uses Lubricant additives

Product type Liquid.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

Supplier/Manufacturer

Code

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Wear protective gloves. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace.

Response IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before

reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Storage Not applicable.

Disposal Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

None known.

Validation date : 11/20/2017 Date of previous issue : 2/17/2015 1/12

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Substance

Ingredient name	CAS number	% by weight
butanedioic acid ((4,5-dihydro-5-thioxo-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl) thio-bis (2-ethylhexyl) ester	126104-53-8	>95

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire,

symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical

surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and

keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eve contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may

be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact InhalationNo specific data.
No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion No specific data.

Validation date : 11/20/2017 Date of previous issue : 2/17/2015 2/12

Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

No specific treatment. Specific treatments

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is

inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-

emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Validation date 2/17/2015 11/20/2017 Date of previous issue

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Appropriate engineering controls

Environmental exposure controls

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

 Validation date
 : 11/20/2017
 Date of previous issue
 : 2/17/2015
 4/12

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash

contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protectionSafety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists,

gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-

shields. Recommended: splash goggles

Skin protection

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the

protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product. Recommended: lab coat

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

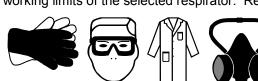
based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protectionUse a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved

standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: Vapor and dust respirator.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Color Amber.

Odor Not available.

Odor threshold Not available.

PH Not available.

Melting point <-20°C (<-4°F)

Boiling point 269°C (516.2°F)

Flash point Closed cup: 190°C (374°F) [Setaflash.]

Burning time

Burning rate

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas)

Lower and upper explosive

Not applicable.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

flammable) limite

(flammable) limits

Validation date : 11/20/2017 Date of previous issue : 2/17/2015 5/12

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressureNot available.Vapor density>1 [Air = 1]Density1.1 g/cm³Relative density1.12

Solubility Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Solubility in water Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

>4.59

Auto-ignition temperature 288°C (550.4°F)

Decomposition temperature Not available.

SADT Not available.

Viscosity Kinematic (room temperature): 17.39 cm²/s (1739 cSt) [at 25°C]

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityNo specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid No specific data.

Incompatible materials No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butanedioic acid ((4, 5-dihydro-5-thioxo-1,3, 4-thiadiazol-2-yl) thio-bis (2-ethylhexyl) ester	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

 Validation date
 : 11/20/2017
 Date of previous issue
 : 2/17/2015
 6/12

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
butanedioic acid ((4, 5-dihydro-5-thioxo-1,3, 4-thiadiazol-2-yl) thio-bis (2-ethylhexyl) ester	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
butanedioic acid ((4, 5-dihydro-5-thioxo-1,3, 4-thiadiazol-2-yl) thio-bis (2-ethylhexyl) ester	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
butanedioic acid ((4, 5-dihydro-5-thioxo-1,3, 4-thiadiazol-2-yl) thio-bis (2-ethylhexyl) ester	-	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
	OECD 473	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Human	Negative

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Validation date : 11/20/2017 Date of previous issue : 2/17/2015 7/12

Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact May be harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact InhalationNo specific data.
No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary NOAEL: 250 mg/kg/days (28-day repeat dose toxicity in rat)

A 28-day oral feeding study of rats by gavage was conducted with dosage levels of 50, 250 and 1,000 mg/kg/day. All animals survived. Pathological examination of organs showed microscopic changes in the liver of the mid and high dose male and female rats. These changes were characterized by enlargement of hepatocytes. Kidney changes were observed in the mid and high dose females. These changes were characterized by an increased basophilia of the cortical tubules predominantly in the distal convoluted tubules. The no effect level (NOEL) appears to be 50 mg/kg/

day.

General Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.TeratogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	2605.5 mg/kg

Other information Not available.

 Validation date
 : 11/20/2017
 Date of previous issue
 : 2/17/2015
 8/12

Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
butanedioic acid ((4, 5-dihydro-5-thioxo-1,3, 4-thiadiazol-2-yl) thio-bis (2-ethylhexyl) ester	Acute EC50 0.52 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.64 mg/l Acute NOEC 0.32 mg/l Acute NOEC 0.047 mg/l	Fish Daphnia Fish	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
VANLUBE® 871	-	45 % - 28 d	lays	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
	-		•		_	•

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
VANLUBE® 871	>4.59	-	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

Not available.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Validation date : 11/20/2017 Date of previous issue : 2/17/2015 9/12

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
ADR/RID Class	3082	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (2, 5-dimercapto-1,3, 4-thiadiazole, alkyl polycarboxylates)	9	III		Remarks Marine pollutant
IMDG Class	3082	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (2, 5-dimercapto-1,3, 4-thiadiazole, alkyl polycarboxylates)	9	III	1	Remarks Marine pollutant
IATA-DGR Class	3082	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (2, 5-dimercapto-1,3, 4-thiadiazole, alkyl polycarboxylates)	9	III	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Remarks Marine pollutant

PG* : Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

<u>United States inventory (TSCA 8b)</u> All components are listed or exempted.

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
butanedioic acid ((4,5-dihydro-5-thioxo-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl) thio-bis (2-ethylhexyl) ester	>95	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A

Validation date : 11/20/2017 Date of previous issue : 2/17/2015 10/12

Section 15. Regulatory information

State regulations

MassachusettsNone of the components are listed.New YorkNone of the components are listed.New JerseyNone of the components are listed.PennsylvaniaNone of the components are listed.California Prop. 65None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Australia inventory (AICS) Not determined.

Canada inventory At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed

in NDSL.

China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventoryAt least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such components are

listed in ELINCS.

Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this

material.

EINECS: European Inventory. This product contains the following chemical(s) for which one or more Pre-Market Notifications have been filed. Should you wish to export products containing this product into an EC country, contact Product Risk Manager at Vanderbilt Global Services, LLC at 203-295-2143 for

more information.

Chemical name: butanedioic acid (4,5-dihydro-5-thioxo-1,3,4-thiadiaxol-2-yl)

thio-bis (2-ethylhexyl) ester CAS No.: 126104-53-8

Japan inventory (ENCS)

Korea inventory (KECI)

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Not determined.

Not determined.

(NZIoC)

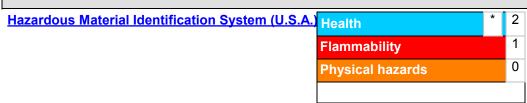
Philippines inventory (PICCS) Not determined.

Taiwan Chemical Substances

Inventory (TCSI)

All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Validation date : 11/20/2017 Date of previous issue : 2/17/2015 11/12

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing11/20/2017Validation date11/20/2017Date of previous issue2/17/2015

Version 2

Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References Not available.

Information contact Vanderbilt Global Services, LLC

Corporate Risk Management

1-203-295-2143

Visit www.vanderbiltchemicals.com for more information.

Notice to reader

Information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief but is not guaranteed to be so. Nothing herein is to be construed as recommending any practice or any product in violation of any patent or in violation of any law or regulation. It is the user's responsibility to determine for himself the suitability of any material for a specific purpose and to adopt such safety precautions as may be necessary. We make no warranty as to the results to be obtained in using any material and, since conditions of use are not under our control, we must necessarily disclaim all liability with respect to the use of any material supplied by us.