

SAFETY DATA SHEET

GHS

United States English

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name VANLUBE® 8912E In case of emergency

1-203-853-1400

Code 52990

Supplier/Manufacturer

Vanderbilt Chemicals, LLC

Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300

Outside US:

Vanderbilt Chemicals, LLC Outside US: 30 Winfield Street +1-703-527-3887 Norwalk, CT 06855

Synonym Calcium alkylarylsulfonate in petroleum process oil.

Material uses Lubricant Additive

Product type Liquid.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

substance or mixture SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical attention.

StorageNot applicable.DisposalNot applicable.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Mixture

Ingredient name	CAS number	% by weight
calcium alkylarylsulfonate petroleum process oil, <3.0% DMSO extractable material	- 64742-52-5	48 - 52 48 - 52

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar,

tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing

before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and

keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion No specific data.

Validation date : 10/20/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/22/2019 2/11

Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency

personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.

Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

 Validation date
 : 10/20/2023
 Date of previous issue
 : 10/22/2019
 3/11

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
petroleum process oil, <3.0% DMSO extractable material	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist ACGIH TLV (United States). STEL: 10 mg/m³ OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

 Validation date
 : 10/20/2023
 Date of previous issue
 : 10/22/2019
 4/11

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Recommended: splash goggles

Skin protection

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the

protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product. Recommended: lab coat

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved

standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: Vapor and dust respirator.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)









Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Color Brown. [Dark]
Odor Not available.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.
Melting point Not available.
Boiling point Not available.

Flash point Closed cup: >150°C (>302°F) [Pensky-Martens]

Burning timeNot applicable.Burning rateNot applicable.Evaporation rateNot available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames,

sparks and static discharge, heatheat and oxidizing materials.

 Validation date
 : 10/20/2023
 Date of previous issue
 : 10/22/2019
 5/11

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Not available.

Vapor pressureNot available.Vapor densityNot available.

Density 0.97 g/cm³ [15.6°C (60.1°F)]

Relative density 0.97

Solubility Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Solubility in water Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- Not applicable.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperatureNot available.Decomposition temperatureNot available.SADTNot available.

Viscosity Kinematic: 19 mm²/s (19 cSt) [at 100°C]

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityNo specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid No specific data.

Incompatible materials No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
petroleum process oil, <3.0% DMSO extractable material	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
calcium alkylarylsulfonate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
			Based on tests	
			of similar	
			materials	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
			Based on tests	
			of similar	
			materials	

 Validation date
 : 10/20/2023
 Date of previous issue
 : 10/22/2019
 6/11

Section 11. Toxicological information

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
calcium alkylarylsulfonate	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin Primary skin irritation index (rabbits)Based on testing of similar products and/or the

components.

Eyes Based on skin irritation data of similar materials, calcium alkylarylsulfonate is

expected to be an eye irritant.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

 Validation date
 : 10/20/2023
 Date of previous issue
 : 10/22/2019
 7/11

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

GeneralNo known significant effects or critical hazards.CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.TeratogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	5000 mg/kg

Other information Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
petroleum process oil, <3.0% DMSO extractable	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l (Based on tests of similar materials)	Daphnia	48 hours
material	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l (Based on tests of similar materials)	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEL >100 mg/l (Based on tests of similar materials)	Algae	72 hours
	Acute NOEL >1000 mg/l (Based on	Daphnia	48 hours

 Validation date
 : 10/20/2023
 Date of previous issue
 : 10/22/2019
 8/11

Section 12. Ecological information

tests of similar materials) Acute NOEL >100 mg/l (Based on tests	Fish	96 hours
of similar materials)		

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
petroleum process oil, <3.0% DMSO extractable material	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

Not available.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

 Validation date
 : 10/20/2023
 Date of previous issue
 : 10/22/2019
 9/11

VANLUBE® 8912E

Section 14. Transport information

IATA-DGR Class | Not regulated. | - | - | - | - | - |

PG*: Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States Inventory (TSCA 8b)

All components are active or exempted.

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
calcium alkylarylsulfonate		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

State regulations

MassachusettsNone of the components are listed.New YorkNone of the components are listed.New JerseyNone of the components are listed.PennsylvaniaNone of the components are listed.California Prop. 65None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Australia Inventory (AIIC) Not determined.

Canada Inventory At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed

in NDSL.

China Inventory (IECSC)

Europe inventory

All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand inventory of Chemicals

(NZIoC)

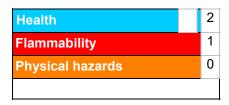
Philippines Inventory (PICCS) All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan Chemical Substances All components are listed or exempted.

Inventory (TCSI)

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Identification System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of printing10/20/2023Validation date10/20/2023Date of previous issue10/22/2019Version3.01

Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References Not available.

Information contact Vanderbilt Global Services, LLC

Corporate Risk Management

1-203-295-2143

Visit www.vanderbiltchemicals.com for more information.

Notice to reader

Information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief but is not guaranteed to be so. Nothing herein is to be construed as recommending any practice or any product in violation of any patent or in violation of any law or regulation. It is the user's responsibility to determine for himself the suitability of any material for a specific purpose and to adopt such safety precautions as may be necessary. We make no warranty as to the results to be obtained in using any material and, since conditions of use are not under our control, we must necessarily disclaim all liability with respect to the use of any material supplied by us.